Tri-Weekly...... 5 00 Weekly..... 2 00

Postmasters are requested to act as agent

Miscellaneous.

WHERE IS THE SCIENCE OF MEDIcine 1—In the last thirty years, in the cities
of New York, Boston, and Philadelphia, fifty thousand persons died of consumption. In Great Britain adring the same period, the mortality of consumptive persons amounts to sixty thousand.
Culomel, of course, killed every one of them.
There is no blessing like that of health, particularly when you're sick.

IMPORTANT SOURCES OF BODILY VIGOR.—Exercise, temperance in eating, pure air, frequent bath-

ise, temperance in eating, pure air, frequent bath-ng, abstinence from stimulant luxuries and the buse of sexual passions, pure and nutitritious

Patent medicines will do for rats; but for men undo. The Greeks made Socrates swallow hemotek, because in that time there was not poisoned patent medicines.

Daily Morning Draughts to be taken early, by the pressure with pulmonary consumption, or in-

every person with pulmonary consumption, or in-flammation in the lungs; and take a walk without

fatigue.

She asses milk, one pint; Peruvian bark, finely powdered, one dram; Mucilage of gum Tragacant, one dram. Mix, and take them all af once. At noon, Spirit of Mindiretio, one fluid dram; Tincture of Gentian, one dram; Spirit of Castor one scruple; Paregoric, one dram; Spirits of Nitre, half dram; Port wine, half ounce; sugar or Honey, one scruple. Mix for a dose, At night, going to bed, Exract of Iceland moss, one scruple; Opium, half grain to one grain; or instead of Opium, add to the Iceland moss, Dover's Powder, ten grains; Gum, quantum sufficit. Dose, six pills.

This of course will not cure consumption in the last stage, but is the best treatment (by part) for that disease. Woman's breast milk is recommended in the Island of Madeira, and at Malta, and is very beneficial.

very beneficial.

Physic; for the most part, is nothing else but the substitute of exercise or temperance. The sick withouthope, with old chronic diseases, that other Physicians have never been able to cure, who are actually suffering, especially those attacked periodically with Chills and Fever, Rheumatic, Gout. Swellings, Coughs, Habitual running, &c., will please to call at my rooms at Mrs. Duval's, opposite Brown's Hotel.

RICARDO CORREA DA COSTA,

Ech 12—14.

Teacher of Foreigh Languages.

Feb 12-tf. Teacher of Foreigh Languages NE PLUS ULTRA HAVANA CIGAR STORE, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, *
Under the National Hotel, Penn. Avenue.
THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RE-

ceived, direct from Havana, the tollowing ice brands of Cigars, which he can, with conmost delicious flavor: Cabanas, (Londres,) Panetelas, Cabanas, Trabucos, Consolacio

Consuelo, Consolacion,
Among his stock of Chewing Tobacco, the undermentioned favorite brands will be found:
Virginius, Pride of Virginia, El Dorado,
Diadem, Goodwin's Patent, Koh-I-Noor.
The Koh-I Noor tobacco is put up in small neat
boxes, at \$5 each, or 37½ cents a plug, and is acknowledged to be the most palatable tobacco ver

quality, canes, umbrellas, razors, shaving soap, eau de Cologne, with a variety of miscellaneous articles always on hand.

G. S. McELFRESH. Under the National Hotel.

THE CITIZENS OF GEORGETOWN.—J. BUCKLEY & CO., respectfully inform the citizens of Georgetown and its
vicinity, that they are prepared to undertake every
description of work in GAS FITTING. They
have secured the services of some of the best
workmen from the north, and their charges will
be found as low as in any of those cities.

They have always on hand an elegant assortment of Gas Fixtures, to which they would invite
the examination of the public.

South side of Bridge street, between Washington and Jefferson.

ton and Jefferson.
Orders left at Linthicum's hardware store will be punctually attended to.

GAUTIER'S. Just received a large assortment of Pate De Foies Gras, from Stras

burg, in small and large jars. Jan 22—tf T GOLDSBOROUGH BRUFF, Designer and Draughtsman, in every branch.
West side 19th street, next to K
Washington City.

I NION HALL, HOTEL AND REFECtory, C. street, between 6th and 7th streets hington, E. J. WILLSON, W. H. HEYWARD.

Thomas Brown. OF VIRGINIA. OF PENNSYLVANIA.

government.
Office on 14th street, opposite Willard's Hotel MODERN LANGUAGES.—B. E. Groux, a native of France, teacher of Modern Lan guages, especially French. Spanish, and German. Translations made with correctness and punctu-Translations made with correctness and punctu-ality. Professor of Numesmatics, for the classifi-cation and explanation of medals and coins.

MARRIAGES! Carriages.—The Subscri-

ber has on hand an extensive assortment of coaches, rockaways, barouches, and buggies of the newest and most splendid styles, which, for workmanship and price he defies competion. Persons requiring any articles in his line may with confidence make purchases at his establishment, as he warrants every article of his manufac

will be sold at very low prices.
THOMAS YOUNG, Corner Pennsylvania svenue and 41 street

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That I have lost a Land Warrant Certificate for 150 acres. No. 78,222, in favor of Neri D. Smith, Lloyd B. Smith, Lewis Clark Smith, Benjamin Yost Smith, and Rosanna Frantz, collateral heirs of Hiram M. Smith, deceased, of company H. Sth United States Infantry, (Mexican war.) and which said certificate was assigned to the undersigned. United States Infantry, (Mexican war,) and which said certificate was assigned to the undersigned. This certificate was mailed by Johnston, Brothers & Cq., of Baltimore, on the 18th October, 1853, directed to William P. Williams, esq., Washington, D. C., and was never received. It is my intention to apply for a duplicate of this warrant to the commissioner of peusions.

NERI P. SMITH.

GEO. T. SWANN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY,

Jackson, Miss. Practices law in the severel State and Federal Courts held at Jackson, and in the Circuit and Probate Courts of Hinds and the neighboring

Refers to Gov. H. S. Foote, Jackson, Miss.; Hon. R. M. T. Hunter, of Va., and Gen. John A. Quitman, Natchez, Miss.

LETTER AND FOOLSCAP PAPERS,
ruled and plain, from \$1 25 to \$7 50 per ream
for sale by COLLINS, BOWNE & CO.,
11th st., six doors north of Penn. avenue,
Branch of Stationers' Hall, 174 and 176,
Oct. 11—tf. (m) Pearl street, New York.

NDIA RUBBER PUFF, Dressing and Children's Long Combs, for sale at Feb 19-3t LAMMOND'S, Seventh st.

WASHINGTON SENTINE

VOL. 1.

DAILY.

NO. 128.

Washington Sentinel

NEBRASKA AND KANSAS TERRITORIES. SPEECH OF MR. WELLER,

OF CALIFORNIA, In the United States Senate, February 13, 1854

The Senate having under consideration the bill to organize the Territories of Nebraska

nd Kansas—
Mr. WELLER said:
Mr. President: If any person came here to-

there is for the organization of a government in the section of country where it is proposed to establish the Territories of Kansas and Ne-braska. There are a very few plain facts which, in my judgment, ought to be sufficient to satis-

fy any one that the organization of one or more territorial governments in that region is indis-

pensable.
You have within a few years past acquired

an immense territory lying on the shores of the Pacific ocean. You have organized there a

State government, which ere long is destined to be one of the mightiest States of the Union. You have, in addition to this, organized two ter-

ritorial governments. There is an immense tide of emigration flowing rapidly into that sec-tion of the Union. The overland emigration

to that portion passes directly through that re-gion of country which it is now proposed to or-ganize into territorial governments. This is

now occupied by a large number of hostile In-

tled; in order to enable them to reach that dis

where there are none to molest or make then

will soon be broken up:

did we think then that in a few years the wants

and necessities of our own people would de-mand the lands upon which they were located. Sir, it is a melancholy reflection that these Indians must in the end be entirely destroyed.

There is no human hand that can stay the on-

There is no human hand that can stay the on-ward progress of the white population. You might as well attempt "to arrest the rolling current orchain the deep" as to stop that onward progress. Humanity therefore dictates that we should do all in our power to alleviate their sufferings, and to soften the blow which stern

necessity may require us to inflict. I know

too, sir, that it is very common for us to exag-gerate the inhumanity and the cruelties of the Indian population. I know that these charges

are often concocted by the white man. know there are thousands of unrecorded wrongs which have been committed upon this un

fortunate population. They have no historian they have no newspapers to chronicle the wrongs

that the white man may perpetrate upon them Tribes that numbered their warriors by thou

sands a few years ago have entirely disappeared from the face of the earth. They have faded away before the resistless march of the white man. They are now between the upper and the nether mill-stone, and extermination seems

to be inevitable. I know of no policy which

CITY OF WASHINGTON, FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 24, 1854.

Miscellaneous.

GENUINE HEIDSIECK & CO. CHAMpagne.—The subscribers having been appointed by Messrs. Heidsieck & Co. to succeed Mr. Charles Engler, heretofore sole agent in the in the United States for the sale of their Wines, who this day retires from business, respectfully call the attention of the public to the subjoined

The Messrs. Heidsieck & Co., as set forth therein, justly claim to be alone enabled to send to this country the genuine Heidsieck & Co. Champaigne, under the same name and style as originally introduced into this market, now nearly thirty years ago, they being sole proprietors of all the identical vineyards, cellars, &c., which the founders and originators of this celebrated brand had owned.

Such being the fact, we need not dwell upon the superior quality of their Wines, the reputation of the same among the American public being already identified with unsurpassed excellence.

We beg particularly to notice that their brand still bears the same name of Heidsieck & Co., in full, by which it first became so favorably known, being thereby easily distinguished from other simi-

being thereby easily distinguished from other similar marks which have since appearad.

New York, January 1, 1854.

CRAMER & ABEGG,

Successor to Charles Engler, and sole importers in the United States. STANISLAUS MURRAY is our sub-agent for Washington and Georgetown, D. C., and Alex-indria, Va.

CARD.—Upon the dissolution of the old firm, Heidsleck & Co., in 1834, the senior partner, who had the sole charge of its liquidation, continued the business, retaining exclusive possession of the vineyards, vaults, &c., which the original partnership had enjoyed.

Our new firm are his immediate successors and

our new firm are his immediate successors and sole proprietors of this well-known brand.

In order to distinguish the same from imitations and marks similar to our own, which have appeared and may be reafter appear in this market, the name of our firm in full will be found on the labels and around the corks. RHEIMS, March 5, 1846.

HEIDSIECK & CO.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD. For Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis, Colum-bus, Zanesville, Cleveland, Toledo, Chicago and St. Louis. THROUGH TICKETS for all the above

points can be had at the railroad station in Washington. Passengers leaving Washington at 6, A. M Passengers leaving Washington at 6, A. M., arrive in Wheeling in time to connect with the splendid steamers WINCHESTER and DIURNAL, for Wellsville, 40 miles from Wheeling; thence direct by railroad to Clevelaud, Toledo, Chicago, and Alton; thence by steamboat 25 miles to St. Louis. Leaving Washington at 5, P. M., they will connect the next afternoon with the splendid "UNION LINE" STEAMERS for Cincinnati and Louisville, and for Indianapolis by railroad from Lawrenceburg. railroad from Lawrenceburg.
Through tickets sold for Cincinnati, Louisville,

and Indianapolis; also for Zanesville and Colum-bus, by national road stages from Wheeling. Passengers holding through tickets can lie over at any point on the route. For information and tickets, apply to T. H. PARSONS, Agent, Wash-

J. H. DONE, Master Transportation.

THE MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT of Pianos in this city can be found at our Music Depot, consisting of Hallet, Davis & Co.'s superior Æolian Pianos, which for beauty of tone are considered by all who have heard them to be

Bacon & Raven's celebrated New York Pianos. Gravesbeen & Co.'s Pianos, one of which, the heard it.

macker & Co.'s new Unichord Pianos which for durability, keeping in tune, and cheap-ness stand unrivalled. The success which has attended their introduction here is the best guarenkrantz's world-renowned German Pianos

onsidered unsurpassed for sweetness of tone an

delicacy of touch.

We are daily expecting an additional supply of
the popular Unichord Pianos; also, per packet of
Saturday from Boston, one of L. Gilbert's beautiful
Boudoir or Piccolo Pianos.

This enables persons desirous of purchasing, to
select instruments from the most varied assortment of Pianos ever offered for sale in this city, at

nanufacturers' prices, with a warranty for each Also, several second-hand Pianos, including one of Jonas Chickering, which will be sold on the

nost reasonable terms. Second-hand Pianos taken in part payment for The most complete assortment of Music and Musical Instruments constantly on hand. HILBUS & HITZ, Penn. avenue.

WRITING ACADEMY. Washington Place, Seventh street, oppo-site the Post Office.

TRACY & WILLIAMS, late Professor of Penmanship at Duff's college, Pittsburg to announce to the citizens of Washington. beg to announce to the citizens of Washington, that they have opened an ACADEMY at the above address for the reception of ladies and gentlemen desiring of acquiring ease, elegance, and rapidity of Penmanship. Those who place themselves under their instruction will be carried through a course of practical exercises, such as will ensure them a free, bold, and rapid use of the pen. Their switch of teaching has been univerwill ensure them a free, bold, and rapid use of the pen. Their system of teaching has been universally lauded by the press of Ohio, Pennsylvania, and New York. Their specimens comprise every style, both plain and ornamental, to which they would solicit an inspection by the citizens of Washington and its vicinity.

TERMS.—\$5.00 for twenty lessons. Improvement guaranteed to all.

VISITING CARDS, \$2 per pack, written in an unequalled style.

Feb 7—1md

Seminary for Boarding and Day Pupils,

On F, between 12th and 13th streets. HE THIRD QUARTER of this institu tion commences this day, Tuesday, February 7.
The Principals have, in addition to their efficient
French teacher, Professor RAGULT, procured the
services of a very experienced French governess,
as a resident in the family. This will afford the
boarding pupils especially every facility, as they
are now required to converse in this language.
For terms, &c., circulars ma e had at the principal books res and Semin ry. Feb 8—dMarl

FOR Evening Parties.—Gloves, Cravats, Ties and Scarfs, in great variety, of rich and fashionable styles. A full assortment on hand at LANE'S

Gents' Furnishing Store,
Pa. avenue, near Four-and-a-half street.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.—The Sub-purchase of Real Estate in this city or its vicinity. Persons who wish to purchase or sell, will find it to their interest to call on him. He also, as here tofore, will buy and sell Land Warrants or Scrip; negotiate loans, give prompt attention to the col-ection of debts, as well as the prosecution of laims before Congress or any of the departments. Office over Selden, Withers & Co.'s bank, to

JAMES J. MILLER. THILDREN AND INFANT'S Hats and Caps, of all styles and qualities.—A large and legant assortment now on hand, at reduced rices, at LANE'S

Pa. avenue, near 41 street.

Hotels. Restaurants, Boarding Bouses.

DUPP'S RESTAURANT AND HOTEL The proprietor is always prepared to furnish ordinary or extra meals at short notice, including all the delicacies of the season.

He has two suites of furnished rooms suitable or messes or single gentlemen. Also rooms for crivate parties or business transactions. His location is convenient to the Capitol and the Expentive departments.

cutive departments.

Pennsylvania avenue, next to Gadsby's Hotel.

Dec 7—tf. if

BROWN'S MARBLE HOTEL, WASHINGTON CITY. T. P. BROWN.

WASHINGTON HOUSE, NO. 223, CHESTNUT ST., ABOVE 7TH. Philadelphia. A. F. GLASS, PROPRIETOR

LEXANDER BAKER'S (late of Va. A Potomae House, Pennsylvania avenue, a few doors east of 41 street, Washington.

Sep21—tf

AUTIER'S DINNER AND SUPPER
of parties.—The attention of members of Congress and strangers is called to the advantages of this new establishment, where dinner parties of any size can be accommodated in a style of elegance found no where else, and at moderate prices. There is a restaurant attached, conducted in Parisian style. Dishes are furnished at all hours, offering great inducements to gentlemen to take their meals out; as, upon trial, they will find it cheaper and better than regular board.

C. GAUTIER,

Penn, avenue, between 12th and 13th streets.

Penn. avenue, between 12th and 13th streets Jan 13-2aw3wif

HARPER'S NEW MONTHLY MAGAzine has now reached a monthly edition of
over One Hundred and Twenty-five Thousand
copies, and the demand for it is still increasing
with greater rapidity than ever. This unparalleled and unexpected success has compelled the
publishers to resort to extraordinary means for
printing the work with the requisite rapidity, and
at the same time preserving the typographical elegance by which it has always been distinguished.
It is now electrotyped by a new process, which
makes it easy to print any number of copies from
the same plates, without in the least impairing the
clearness and beauty of the impression. The
publishers desire to repeat their cordial acknowl
edgments to the press and the public for the extraordinary favor which has thus far attended
their efforts to interest and instruct the great body
of the American people, and to fenew their assurances that every possible effort will be made
to increase still further the claims of their magazine upon public favor and support. It will continue to present, at the cheapest price, the most
interesting and instructive literary matter, original
and selected, domestic and foreign; in the most
elegant and convenient style, and accompanied by
the finest pictorial illustrations which a lavish expenditure of money can command. They appeal
with confidence to the past, as a guarantee that
their promises for the future will be abundantly
fulfilled.

Terrans.—The magazine may be obtained of
booksellers, periodical agents, or from the pub-

TERMS.—The magazine may be obtained or TERMS.—The magazine may be obtained of booksellers, periodical agents, or from the publishers, at three dollars a year, or twenty-five cents a number. The semi-annual volumes, as completed, neatly bound in cloth, at two dollars, and muslin covers are furnished to those who wish to have their back numbers uniformly bound, at twenty-five cents each. Six volumes are now ready, bound. The volumes commence with the numbers for June and December; but subscriptions was commence with any number. ions may commence with any number.

Agent for Washington,

JOE SHILLINGTON,

longing to the estate of the late William Fisher have been left with W. C. Zantzinger, Stationers' Hall, adjoining the "Irving Hotel," noneys due the estate. HARRIOT FISCHER.

To SENATORS AND MEMBERS OF the House of Representatives.—A gentleman who has had twenty years' experience as a parliamentary, legal, and general reporter, both in Europe and America, having several leisure hours each day, proposes to devote them to the service of any gentleman having writing to do, either for the press or of any other description. Desiring some mode of employing those hours until the adjournment of the present session of Congress, he is perfectly indifferent as to the character of the writing he may be required to perform, and will perform it upon the most reasonable terms. Communications addressed to P. B. T., at Mrs. Ward's, corner of 4½ street and Missouri avenue, will meet with prompt attention. References of the highest order. TO SENATORS AND MEMBERS OF

NEW JEWELRY STORE.—The subscriber would most respectfully inform the citizens of Washington and vicinity, that he has just opened a very choice and select assortment of fine Gold Jewelry, rich Silver Ware, best quality of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold and Silver Spectacles, Gold Chains, Seals, Keys, Gold and Silver Thimbles, Gold Lockets, Pens, Pencils, &c., Silver Thimbles, Gold Lockets, Pens, Pencils, &c., All of which he now offers for sale by the single article as cheap as goods of the same quality can be purchased for in any other city in America; so that purchasers can be supplied here as well and as cheap as in any other city. Please call at the store (formerly occupied by Mr. Steven Eddy) between 4½ and 6th streets, north, side Pennsylvania avenue.

P. S. All kinds of Watches carefully and neatly paired by W. W. HOLLINGSWORTH, Watchmaker. (m)

NEW MUSIC, PIANOS, &c. VE have this week published the "Star Schottische," by G'Schwend, and dedicated Messrs. Wallach & Hope, of the "Evening

This is very pretty Schottische, and our friends should not fail to secure a copy. We have also recently opened five new Pianos, from the establishment of Knabe, Gaehle & Co., and one from Firth, Pond, & Co., N. Y., to all of which we interest the contraction of the contraction vite the attention of those in want of a first-rate instrument, as we are determined to sell at very

JOHN F. ELLIS, Pa. avenue, between 9th and 10th streets.

WATCHES! WATCHES!—J. Y. Savage,
No. 92 Fulton street, New York, has an extensive assortment of fine Watches, consisting of T. F. Cooper's Duplex, M. J. Tobias & Co's., R. & G. Beesley's, Joseph Johnson, 25 Church street, Liverpool, &c., &c., varying in price from \$75 or \$100. Gold Lepines, four holes jewelled, \$25; Detached Levers, thirteen jewels, \$30; superior-full jewelled English Gold Levers from \$50 to \$60. The whole of the above watches are carefully selected by myself, and being put up under my own inspection, I can warrant perfect time-keepers. Gold Pens, of my own make, of superior workmanship, warranted to retain their points, for \$2, \$3 and \$4. Pens without cases, 75 cents, \$1 50, \$2 and \$3. Sent to all parts of the country free of postage. Old pens re-pointed and made equal to

TEW BOOKS AT TAYLOR AND MAU ry's.—Heroic Women of the West, com-ing thrilling examples of courage, fortitude oluteness, and self-sacrifice among the pioneer

resoluteness, and self-sacrince among the pioneer mothers of the western country, by JOHN FROST, LL. D.;

Essays and Miscellanies, by Leigh Hunt.
The Genius and Character of Burns, by Possor Wilson, of the University of Edinburgh.
Hand-book of Natural Philosophy and Astronomy, by Dionysius Lardner, D. C. L.
Novels and Tales, 7 volumes, by Mrs. Caroline Book Store, near 9th street.

Miscellaneous.

PENN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE
Company of Philadelphia. Charter perpetual.
All the profits divided among the policy holders.
This company is purely mutual. Capital \$300,000.
David L. Miller, president; John W. Horner, secretary. This company has declared a dividend of 25 per cent. on cash premiums received during the year 1853. Pamphlets explaining rates, advantages, &c., will be furnished parties interested, and such are carnestly requested to examine them before insuring, as few companies offer such inducements.

JAMES J. MILLER, Agent,
Over banking-house, Selden, Withers & Co

CHICKERING AND NUNN'S AND Clarke's Planos.—Just received, per barque Celestia. from Boston, a further supply of Pianos from Chickering & Sons, Boston, Nunns & Clarke, and Bacon & Raven, New York, whose long experience and his reputation rank them as the first factories in the United States; also, from other approved manufactories.

the first factories in the United States; also, from other approved manufactories.

The purchasers are thus afforded the advantage of a personal selection from an assortment of instruments so elegant and extensive, from the most renowned manufactories, at prices as low as they can be bought in the United States. Second-hand Pianos taken in part payment.

By the packet of Saturday from Boston, and by transportation line from New York, I shall receive an additional supply of four more Pianos.

A complete assortment of Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c., Harp, Guitar, and Violin Strings, ot best quality.

nest quality.

New Music received semi-weekly.

RICHARD DAVIS,

THE NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOI UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS. The ships composing this line are the following:
The ATLANTIC ... Captain West.
The PACIFIC ... Captain Nye.
The ARCTIC ... Captain Luce.
The BALTIC ... Captain Comstock
The ADRIATIC ... Captain Gration.
These ships have been built by

These ships have been built by contract expressly for Government service; every care has been taken in their construction, as also in their engines, to insure strength and speed; and their accommo-dations for passengers are unequalled for elegance

and comfort.

Price of passage from New York to Liverpool in first cabin, \$120; in second cabin, \$70. Exclu sive use of extra-size state rooms, \$300. From Liverpool to New York, £30 and £20.

		CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF
1	An experienced surgeon attached to each ship No berths secured until paid for. PROPOSED DATES OF SAILING.	
	1854.	1854.
	From New York.	From Liverpool.
	Saturday Jan. 7.	Wednesday Jan. 11.
	Saturday Jan. 21.	Wednesday Jan. 25.
H	Saturday Feb. 4.	Wednesday Feb. 8.
	Saturday Feb. 18.	Wednesday Fed. 22.
	Saturday March 4.	Wednesday March 8.
	Saturday March 18.	Wednesday March 22
	Saturday April 1.	Wednesday April 5.
	Saturday April 15.	Wednesday April 19.
	Saturday April 29.	Wednesday May 3.
	Saturday May 13.	Wednesday May 17.
	Saturday May 27.	Wednesday May 31.
	Saturday June 10.	Wednesday June 14.
9	Saturday June 24.	Wednesday June 28.
9	Saturday July 8.	WednesdayJuly 12.
i	Saturday July 22.	Wednesday July 26.
1	Saturday August 5.	Wednesday August 9.
1	Saturday August 19.	Wednesday August 23
1	SaturdaySept. 2.	Wednesday Sept. 6.
i	Saturday Sept. 16.	Wednesday Sept. 20.
ă	Saturday Sept. 30	Wednesday . October 4
	Saturday October 14.	
	Saturday October 28	. Wednesday Nov. 1.
	Saturday Nov. 11.	Wednesday Nov. 15.
	Saturday Nov. 25.	Wednesday Nov. 29.
	Saturday Dec. 9.	Wednesday. Dec. 13.
	Saturday Dec. 23.	Wednesday Dec. 27.

Odeon Building, cor. 4½ st. and Penn. av. Saturday...Dec. 23. Wednesday.

For freight or passage apply to

EDWARD K. COLLINS, No. 56 Wall street, New York. BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO., STEPHEN KENNARD & Co., No. 27 Austin Friars, London or JOHN MUNROE & CO.,

ue Netre Dame de Victoires, Paris. GEO. H. DRAPER, Havre. The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones, or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value thereof therein ex-

AR. BUSHNELL'S SCHOOL, Thirteenth street, between F and G, Washington.— The duties of this School will commence on the 16th instant, The course of instruction will include all the branches of a complete academical

ducation.

The number of pupils will be limited to so many as can be carefully and thoroughly instructed by the principal himself, aided only in the depart ment of modern languages.

The School Room will be furnished with desks and other furniture of the most approved style, and all its arrangements will be such as are best suited to preserve order, facilitate instruction, and promote the comfort and improvement of his

The Principal, a graduate of the University of Virginia, has had long experience in teaching, and he feels warranted by his past success, in assuring those who may entrust the intellectual and moral training of their sons to his care, that their just expectations will be fully realized.

Terms per quarter, (of eleven weeks,) payable in ad For the English Branches..... For Classics and Mathematics...... French and Drawing extra.

Hon. James M. Mason, U. S. Senate.
Hon William S. Ashe, of North Carolina Altred Chapman, esq., Land Office. J. F. Adams, esq., Pension Office.

Rev. William Sparrow, D. D. Theo. Sem., Va.

Rev. J. Packard, D. D. do. do.

Rev. J. Packard, D. D. do.
Rev. C. M. Butler, D. D., Washington.
Rev. E. R. Lippet, do.
George C. Ames, esq. do.
Jan 14—eo3w THOS. R. SUTER. LUKE LEA. LUTHER R. SMOO SUTER, LEA & Co's Stock, Exchange and Banking House, Corner of Penn. avenue and 14th street,

WASHINGTON, D. C. JOHN H. BUTHMAN, Importer of and dealer in pure Wines, Brandies, &c., has in store and offers for sale a choice and complete assortment of the above-named articles; consisting

The best brands of Champagne.

Madeira, Sherry, Port, of almost all grades.

Rhine Wines, of great variety.

Claret and White Wine, from a low price to the highest order. Sparkling and other Burgundy.

Also,
Teneriffe, Lisbon, Sicily.
Malaga, Frontignac, Maraschino.
Curacoa, Anisette, Kirschwasser, Absynthe.
and of my own preparation—
A few dozen of Blackberry Juice,
And a few dozen of Wild Cherry Brandy, for

medicinal purposes,
Together with a stock of superior genuine Haana Cigars, and a variety of cheap family Wines.
Dec 22—3tif&2if5w. THILD'S PAPER, AMERICAN MES

senger, Sunday School Advocate, Missionar Advocate, Forrester's Boys' and Girls' Magazine and National Magazine.
Subscriptions received for the above by GRAY & BALLANTYNE, DROWNE'S HARPS Two of the above Celebrated double-action Harps can be seen for three days at our Music depot. All desirous of purchasing will therefore please call immediately

Books. Stationery, &c.

NEW UNITED STATES GAZETTEER.
A new and complete Gazetteer of the United States, by Thomas Baldwin and J. Thomas, M. D.
Just received at
TAYLOR & MAURYS,

THEOLOGICAL ESSAYS.—Theologica Essays, by Frederick Denison Maurice, A. M., from the second London edition, with a new preface and other additions.

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gether with the results of the census of 1850, and population and statistics in many cases to 1853, by Thomas Baldwin and J. Thomas, D. D.

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street, New York. From the Washington Union, Nov. 29. The above contains all the information nece sary to enable the merchant or shipmaster to transact any branch of custom-house business with ease and despatch, an alphabetical tariff, the manner of passing entries, current forms of oaths, permits, bonds, entries, &c., &c. It has evidently been prepared with a great deal of care, and will be found very useful to the officers of the revenue and custom-bouse throughout the country, as wel as the merchant and shipmaster.

From the Washington Sentinel, Feb 4.
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est book of the sort ever offered to the public. Feb 19—1w

CENERAL AGENCY.—The undersigned most respectfully informs, by this notice, his riends and the public in general, here and eslefriends and the public in general, here and este-where, that he has opened an Agency Office for the prosecution of claims of every description against the government, before the several depart ments or Congress; procure pensions, bounty lands, extra pay, and arrearage pay, and will at tend to the buying and selling of real estate, the renting of houses, and a general collecting busi ness; he will also furnish parties at a distance with such information as they may desire from the seat of government. Charges will be modethe seat of government. Charges will be mode rate. Office, at present, will be on M near 18th

Hon. J. C. Dobbin, Secretary of the Navy. Hon. J. Davis, Secretary of War. N. Callan, esq., President of the Board of Com-mon Council. mon Council.
Gen. John M. McCalla, Attorney at Law.

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This bill requires, before it operates on these Indians, that a treaty shall have been made with the President of the United States, ceding to this government their possessions. I hope that treaty will be executed in good faith. I trust that no improper means will be used for the purpose of inducing them thus to give their assent. With a full and abiding confidence in assent. With a full and abiding confidence in the integrity, as well as the humanity, of the present Chief Magistrate, I doubt not that it will be faithfully executed. If this section requires additional guards to protect the rights of the Indians, I trust the committee will see that it is done. Above all things, let us deal justly and fairly with the remmant of these once wights tribes.

Mr. President: If any person came here today with the expectation that I intended to
make any reply to the very extraordinary speech
which was concluded on Friday last, he will
find himself very much deceived. There are
personal considerations which alone would prevent me from having any controversy upon this
floor with the senator who delivered that speech.
I only intend to-day, so far as the condition of
my health and my voice will permit, to discuss
some of the various questions which have been
alluded to in the course of this debate.
I do not intend to go into a lengthy argument for the purpose of showing the necessity
there is for the organization of a government in justly and fairly with the remmant of these once mighty tribes.

Mr. President, there has been much said, in the course of this discussion, upon the effect of the ordinance of 1787. I shall not attempt today to discuss the question whether that ordinance resulted in the exclusion of slavery from the territory upon which it operated. I know the fact that the Territories of Illinois and Indiana were constantly making applications to the federal government for the suspension of that restriction. The senator from Ohio, (Mr. Chase,) the other day, undertook to claim that that was considered by Congress as an irrepealable act, and therefore it was that, when these constant applications were made to Congress, constant applications were made to Congress, they were uniformly rejected. In order to establish that fact, he quoted from a report made by the celebrated John Randolph, in the House of Representatives. Now, I submit to the senator from Ohio whether it was very fair, in senator from Ohio whether it was very fair, in quoting from that report of Mr. Randolph, to commence in the middle of a sentence, and publish that to the Senate and the world as the whole of what he said? Now I find, upon examination, that that portion of the report which the senator has studiously avoided quoting, assigns the reasons why the eighth article in the ordinance of 1787 ought not to be suspended. I will read that portion of the sentence which I will read that portion of the sentence the senator from Ohio has omitted:

"That the rapid population of the State of Ohio sufficiently evinces, in the opinion of your committee, that the labor of slaves is not necessary to promote the growth and settlement of colonies in that region. That this labor, demonstrably the dearest of any, can only be employed to advantage in the cultivation of products more valuable than any known to that quarter of the United States."

In order to give protection, then, to the emigrants against these Indians; in order to afford them the facilities to which they are enti-This is immediately followed by what the senator from Ohio quoted the other day. Now this report assigns the reason; and that reason was found in the character of the soil, and in tant portion of the confederacy in safety, the organization of a territorial government is, in my judgment, indispensable. Besides that, there are yearly three hundred thousand emiwas found in the character of the soil, and in the productions of that region of country. I think that, when the senator undertakes to quote a report, he is not justifiable in commencing in the middle of a sentence, especially when the first portion of it assigns the reason for the opinion given. Now, sir, slavery existed in both of those Territories. By the census of 1810, there were one hundred and sixty-eight slaves in Illinois, and in 1820 there were all hundred and seventeen; showing very clearly there are yearly three hundred thousand emigrants who are coming to your shores from the Old World. The convulsions and revolutions in Europe will, in all probability, increase rather than diminish the number. Driven by the persecutions of the Old World, they come here for the enjoyment of religious and political liberty. They desire, under our liberal policy, to sit down with us under our vine and fig tree, slaves in Illinois, and in 1820 there were nine hundred and seventeen; showing very clearly that slaves must have been taken to that country between 1810 and 1820. These slaves were taken there in defiance of your ordinance of 1787. When the people came to form their State constitution and ask for admission into the Union, they thought proper, in the exercise of an undertable right to exclude slavery. If that ordinance had never been passed, I do not believe that slavery would have existed in any afraid. Besides, there are many in the differ-ent States of the Union who desire to emigrate to that region. There are many, sir, in the older States who are compelled to labor from day to day, and from year to year, and yet are unable to procure more than the ordinary ne-cessaries of life. They desire to go, with no bank bills in their pockets, perhaps, but with honest hearts and strong arms, to build up for believe that slavery would have existed in any of the States carved out of that Territory. The themselves a home in this district of country. productions and climate of that region would have rendered slave-labor unprofitable, and hence I infer it would have been excluded. So They will settle down upon the rich and pro-ductive valleys of Kansas and Nebraska; the that, in my judgment, slavery was excluded by a higher law than the ordinance of 1787—the law of nature—the same law which expelled it from the New England States at the close of council-fires will be extinguished; and the wil-derness of to-day will bloom and blossom as the rose. With their energy, their industry, and their enterprise, they will soon surround themthe last century. The same law will, in my opin-ion, exclude it from the Territories which you now propose organizing.

Now, with regard to the compromise of 1820, as it has been called, and the compromise of 1850, I have a very few remarks to make. I

their enterprise, they will soon surround them-selves with all the necessaries and all the com-forts of civilized life. By making them the owners of the soil they cultivate, you lay the permanent foundation of your government broad and deep in the affections of the people. The best security for the maintenance of the republic will be found in making the great bowas no party to what is alleged to be the com-promise of 1820. So far as I have been able dy of the people land-holders. As each is a to discover, it was an ordinary act of legisla-tion, passed, I grant you, under extraordinary circumstances. It was supposed by many at that day that the Union was in danger; and, in part of the sovereignty, so he should be the owner of a portion of the soil.

The only difficulty which has presented it self to my mind has grown out of the fact order to obtain a majority in Congress for the admission of Maine and Missouri into the Union, what was called the Missouri compromise was passed. How many laws have found their way to the statute-book by a compromise that there are located upon a portion of this Territory of Kansas a large number of Indians who have been removed from the older States upon the solemn pledge of the government that they should not be disturbed. I desire, their way to the statute-book by a compromise of conflicting opinions? Upon every question affecting local or sectional interests a contrariety of opinions is found to exist, and these can only be reconciled by concession, by conciliation, by compromise. I see nothing in the act of 1820 which makes it more of a compact than a hundred other laws passed by Congress. And even if it were a compromise, as I was no party to it, I am under no obligations to support it. I cannot recognise the right of my predecessors to settle questions for me, especially when they transcend the limits prescribed by the Constitution. They had no more power then than I have now. They acted upon their judgments, as I propose to act upon mine now. Mr. President, above all things, to maintain the plighted faith of this government, whether it be given to the powerful or the weak, wheth er it be a pledge given to a civilized nation or to the unfortunate aborigines of America. I desire to do no act here, as a public officer, which shall violate in the slightest degree the plighted honor of this government to the un fortunate Indians; and therefore it was, Mr President, that I was exceedingly anxious, in the organization of these territorial governments, that every care should be taken to pro tect the rights of the Indians. I believe that they are amply secured under the provisions of the bill and the proposed amendments. We have been compelled, in times past, to treat these Indians with great hardship. We have prevailed upon them to leave the homes of then than I have now. They acted upon their judgments, as I propose to act upon mine now. Nor do I consider myself bound, as a legislator here, by the compromise of 1850. So far as the legislation of that Congress touched the question of slavery, it undoubtedly abrogated the act of 1820. The one established a geographical line beyond which slavery should not exist; the other recognised no lines, but left the whole question to the free and unbiased judgment of the people.

The act of 1820 imposed unconstitutional restrictions upon the sovereignty of the people. their ancestors, the graves of their fathers, their old familiar hunting-grounds, upon the pledge that there, in that distant west, the white man should never disturb them. Little

restrictions upon the sovereignty of the people. The organization of New Mexico and Utah, in 1850, virtually repealed this restriction, and transmitted the whole question to the people. I grant you the law of 1820, and the series of acts passed in 1850, were enacted under ex-traordinary circumstances. On both occasions, it is said, the Union was in danger. That dan ger must have been much more imminent in 1850 than in 1820. At the latter period the population of the United States was nine milns; at the former twenty-three millions. In lions; at the former twenty-three millions. In the mean while the country was filled with political anti-slavery agitators, who were constantly engaged in infuriating the popular mind against that institution. Then, indeed, the wisest men in the country began to despair of the republic. Reckless fanaticism seemed to be standing, with a torch, ready to burn down that beautiful temple of liberty erected by the patriotism of our revolutionary fathers. The storm which had been gathering for years was about to burst upon our heads, carrying desolation and ruin throughout the land. Sectional prejudices had been garoused, and the desolation and rain throughout the land. Sectional prejudices had been aroused, and the foul spirit of disunion stalked abroad in the open day. It was under such circumstances that the acts of 1850 were passed.

Now, to which one of these "compromises" am I bound, if either? I have said before that can prolong their existence for any considerable period. I trust, therefore, that, if provision is not already made in the bill, (I do not pretend to be very familiar with its details,) that

tend to be very familiar with its details,) that the Committee on Indian Affairs, who are especially charged with this subject, will make it their duty so to protect them. I would to Heaven they were as happy and contented this day, as well provided for in sickness and in health, as the black population of the south, over whom misguided philanthropists and wild fanatics are now shedding their crocodile tears.